

# DB2 Storage Engine for MySQL and Open Source Applications

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Power Systems Software

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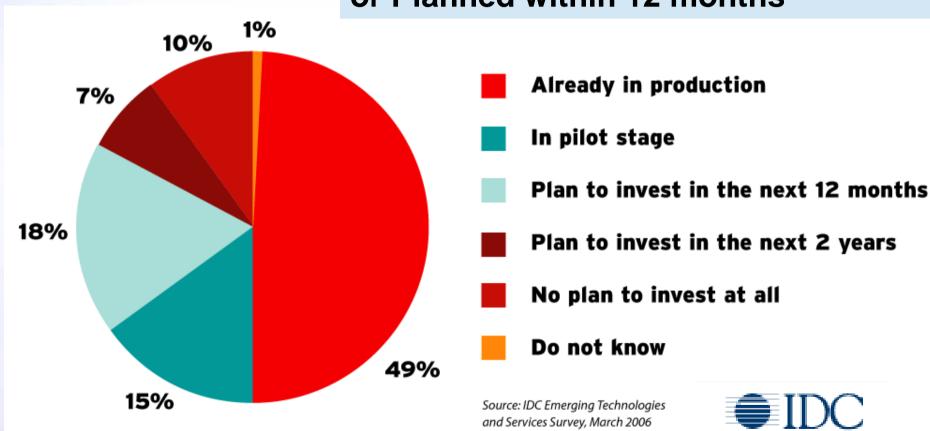
## **Agenda**

- Why Do We Care About Open Source?
- Why Open Community Applications
- Description of Open Community Applications
- What is a Web Deployment Stack
  - What comprises the IBM i Open Community Web Deployment Stack
- Installing the IBM i Open Community Web Deployment Stack
  - Installation of Zend Core in IBM i
  - Installation of MySQL in IBM i
- DB2 Storage Engine for MySQL
- Installation/Setup of Open Community Applications
  - MediaWiki
  - SugarCRM
  - Joomla!
  - Zen Cart
  - PmWiki



## Adoption of Open Source

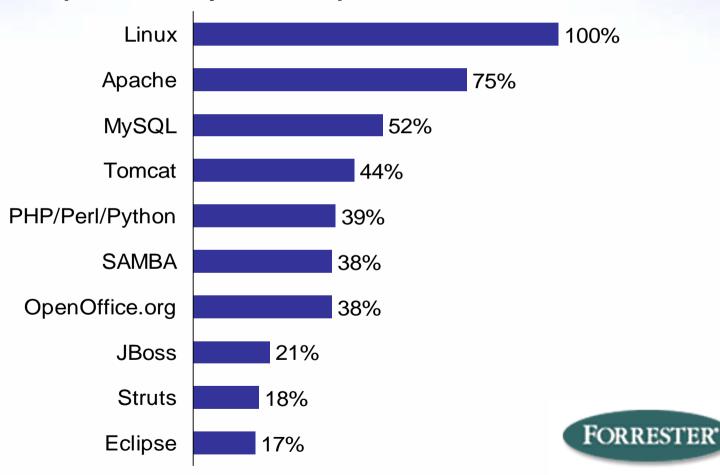
### 82% Have Open Source in Production or Planned within 12 months





### Open Community Tools Adoption Growing Rapidly

### What products do you use or plan to use?



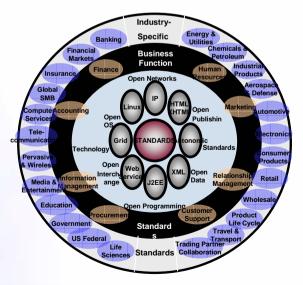


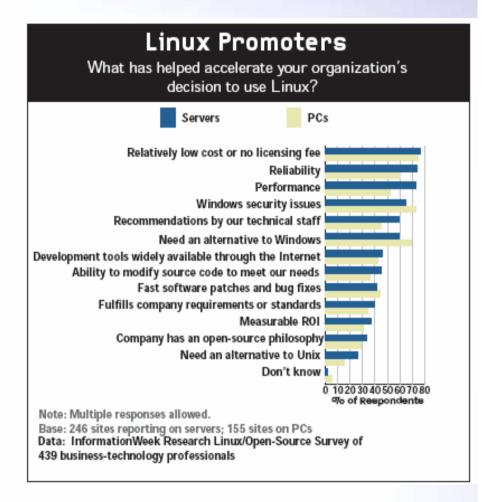


## What causes companies to use Open Source?

### **Top Reasons Companies choose Linux**

- Low cost, no license fee
- Reliability
- Performance
- Security
- Technical staff recommend it







## **Why Open Community Applications**

- Benefits of Open Community Web Applications
  - Free of Charge
  - Customizable to business or user need
  - Controlled global access to information
  - Increases productivity
  - Powerful
  - Reliable
  - Portable
  - Easy Installation



## **Evolution of web applications**

- Every 7 seconds a new wiki or blog is created...
- Next wave of programmers: folks who create content are now empowered to create applications
- New platforms being established providing simple, feature rich environments for editing and contributing content.
- Content is handled with a simple WYSIWYG editor that makes editing accessible to anyone
- Main content accompanied with discussion tabs, history tabs, version tabs, mailing list tabs





# **Description of Open Community Applications**

#### Wiki

Collaborative website which can be directly edited by anyone with access to it

### Content Management System

System used to administer the content of a website

### Customer Relationship Management (CRM)

 Method used by companies to manage their business relationships. The process includes capture, storage and analysis of clients, vendors, partners and internal process information



# **Description of Open Community Applications**

#### Portal

 Site that functions as a point of access to information on the World Wide Web

#### eCommerce

Web site that is used for buying and selling services and/or products electronically

#### Bulletin Board

 Web enabled program that allows users to advertise, share information, and meet other people.



## MySQL + PHP on i5/OS Applications

- Examples on i5/OS <u>www.zend.com/forums</u>
  - MySQL (Open Source DB) on i5/OS http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&goto=3004
  - MediaWiki (Open Source Wiki) on Zend Core for i5/OS http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&th=3134
  - SugarCRM (Open Source Customer Relationship Management (CRM)) on Zend Core for i5/OS http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&th=3111
  - Joomla! (Open Source Content Management System) on Zend Core for i5/OS http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&th=3068
  - Zen Cart (Open Source Online Store) on Zend Core for i5/OS http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&th=3041
  - **PmWiki** (Open Source Wiki) on Zend Core for i5/OS <a href="http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&goto=8085">http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&goto=8085</a>
  - PHP-Nuke (Open Source Content Management System) on Zend Core for i5/OS http://www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&goto=3541





## Web Development/Deployment Stacks

u c Q h L e

ipyH ilyH 5pBH 5pyH naSP nSSP /a2P /aSP W

Q O c

O c Q

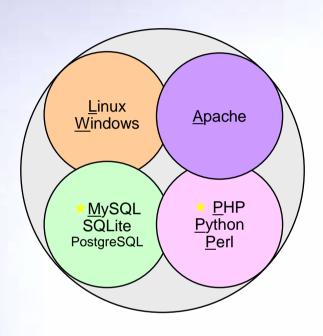








### What is LAMP?



- L = Linux
- A = Apache web server
- M = MySQL
- P = PHP | Perl | Python

### Open-source software stack with a strong focus on:

- Affordability Perceived zero to low cost
- Ease of development, easeof-use
- Community
- Building solutions. Large body of single-click install & auto-configure solutions and libraries

(<a href="http://www.hotscripts.com/">http://www.hotscripts.com/</a>)

## The LAMP components

### Linux

- Free UNIX-type operating system
- Has become firmly established as an enterprise-class alternative to proprietary UNIX and Microsoft products
- Commercial entities, such as IBM, have extended the free Linux kernel and created the support and services infrastructure essential to enterprise customers

### **Apache**

- Traces its roots to the public domain HTTP daemon developed at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications
- Apache has been the most popular web server every year since 1996 MySQL
- World's most popular open source database
- Many large corporations including Sabre Holdings, Cox Communications, The Associate Press, and NASA are using MySQL to power web-sites, business-critical enterprise applications and packaged software

#### PHP

- Widely used general-purpose scripting language
- Especially suited for web development
- Can be embedded in HTML
- It has become one of the most popular languages on the web



## What's driving LAMP (and opensource related development stacks)

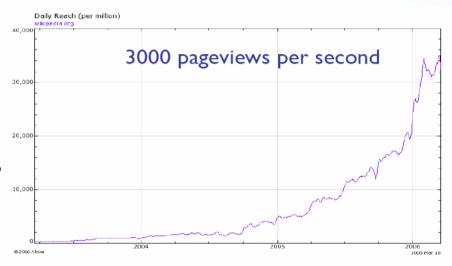
- Constant pressure on developers to do more, faster, and with less as firms strive to reduce costs, improve returns on IT investments, and accelerate time-tovalue
- Growing adoption of SOA environments for enterprise integration
  - Allows wider choice of application development & implementation technologies by allowing heterogeneous systems to interact freely at the service level
- Faster pace of open source software improvement relative to proprietary products
  - Facilitated by active participation of global user communities
- Availability of polished developer tools for the LAMP environment
  - Example: Zend's integrated development and production environments for PHP applications



# What can be done with LAMP – an Example

### Wikipedia:

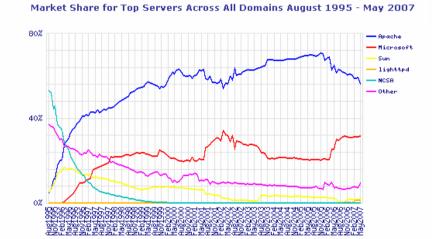
- >8,000 HTTP requests per second
- >25,000 SQL requests per second
- 12 database servers
- 15 application servers in 'external storage' role
- 20 application servers in 'object cache' role





## **LAMP Components: Apache**

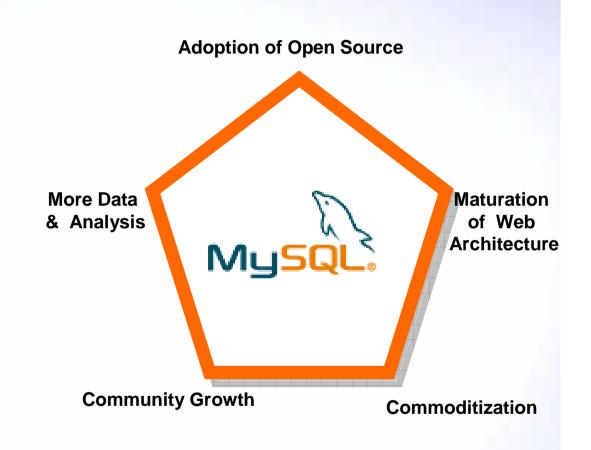
- Flexible, Easy to configure
- Serves over 50% of all websites
- Secure, efficient, extensible server
- Many extensions available





## LAMP Components: MySQL World's Most Popular Open Source Database

- Founded in 1995; operations in 24 countries
- Over 11,000,000 installations; 65,000 downloads/day
- Part of a rapidly growing open source LAMP stack
- Used by IT organizations to implement scale-out architecture





## **LAMP Components: MySQL**

- Very easy to setup and use
- Most popular open source database
- Has gained popularity in the web application world and is used in most of the leading PHP applications.
- Open Source, but also commercially backed
- Used in more the 11 million installations
- Cross-platform (over 20 including i5/OS, Windows, Linux, OS/X, HP-UX, AIX, Netware)



## **LAMP Components: PHP?**

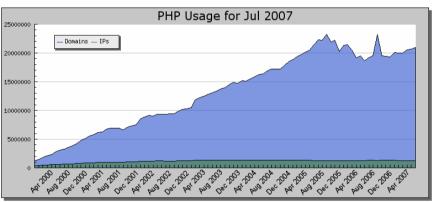


- PHP is an easy to use, open source, platform independent scripting language
  - Designed for web application development
  - 4.5+ Million PHP Developers
- PHP is the leading scripting language deployed on the Internet
  - 20+ Million Internet domains (20,917,850)
  - Out Pacing Microsoft's ASP\*
- Thousands of PHP applications are available
  - Web applications tied to databases
  - Content management
  - Wikis and Blogs

www.hotscripts.com/ www.phpjunkyard.com/ www.phpfreaks.com/ www.php-freebies.com/

Position Mar 2008	Position Mar 2007	Delta in Position	Programming Language	Ratings Mar 2008	Delta Mar 2007	Status
1	1	=	Java	20.651%	+2.61%	Α
2	2	=	С	15.593%	-0.04%	Α
3	5	<b>tt</b>	(Visual) Basic	10.795%	+2.65%	Α
4	4	=	PHP	10.138%	+0.68%	Α
5	3	11	C++	9.776%	-1.33%	Α
6	6	=	Perl	5.781%	-0.64%	Α
7	7	=	Python	4.593%	+0.70%	Α
8	9	t	C#	4.143%	+0.78%	Α
9	12	ttt	Delphi	2.697%	+0.94%	Α
10	10	=	Ruby	2.661%	-0.11%	Α

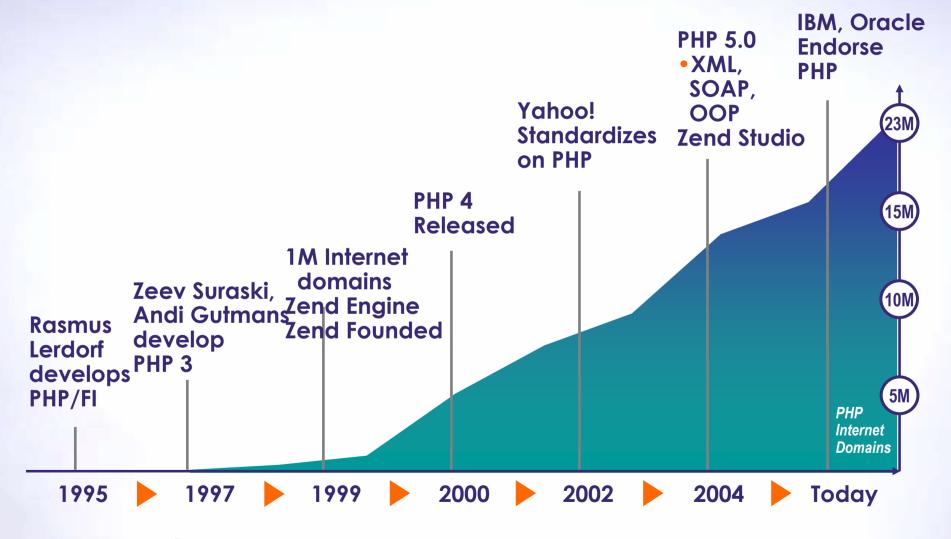
Source: March 2008 TIOBE Programming Community Index http://www.tiobe.com



\* Source: July 2007 Netcraft Survey http://www.php.net/usage.php

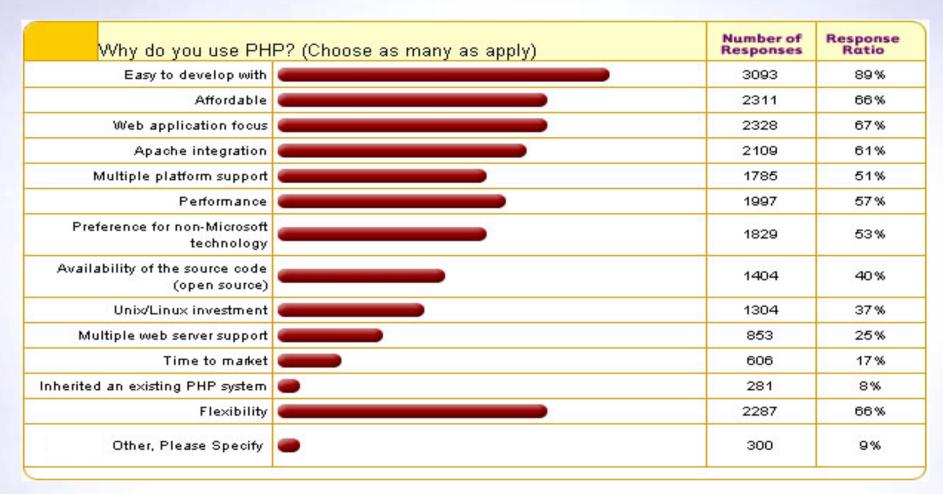


## **LAMP Components: PHP A Brief History of PHP**



# **LAMP Components: PHP Why Do Developers Use PHP?**

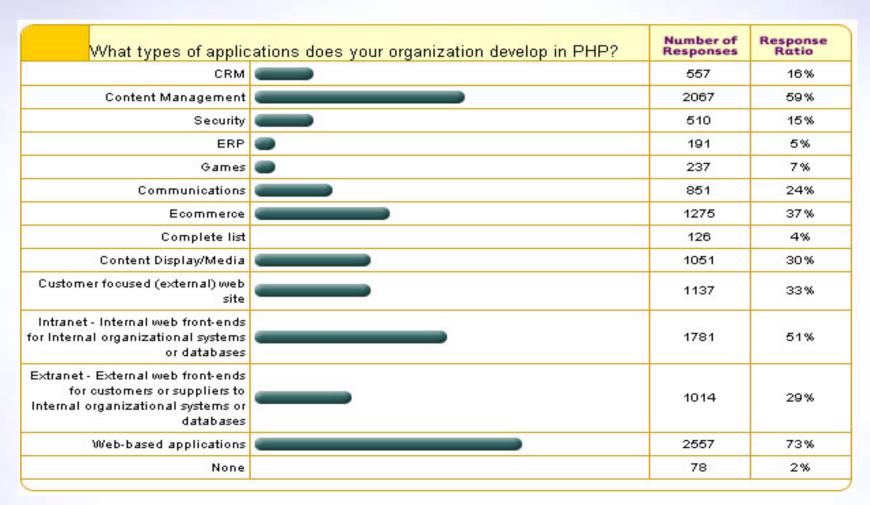




Zend's June 2003 market snapshot of the PHP community. The survey had over 10,000 respondents. http://www.zend.com/zend/php\_survey\_results.php



## **LAMP Components: PHP**What Types of Applications are Developed in PHP?



Zend's June 2003 market snapshot of the PHP community. The survey had over 10,000 respondents. http://www.zend.com/zend/php\_survey\_results.php



### **LAMP Components: PHP** The Growth of PHP



**Total Servers: 23,331,627** 

**Apache Servers:** 17,100,488 (73.3%)

PHP Enabled Apache Servers: 6,727,170 (39%)

#### Web Server Survey

April 1st, 2007

#### Across All Domains

Market Share Change (Total servers: 23,331,627)

Server <sup>1</sup>	March Count	March %
Apache	17,100,488	73.29%
Microsoft	4,668,649	20.01%
Zeus	119,073	0.51%
Netscape	66,488	0.28%
WebSTAR	32,494	0.14%
WebSite	9,553	0.04%
Other	1,334,882	5.72%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Servers are ordered according to their global market share.

#### **PHP Supports**

- 19 Databases
- All service-oriented-architecture protocols such as SOAP and XML-RPC
- Works with other languages like Java, .NET, etc.

#### Market Share for March 2007 - Across All Domains Apache - (73.29%) Microsoft - (20.01%) Zeus - (0.51%) WebSTAR - (0.14%) WebSite - (0.04%) Other - (5.72%)

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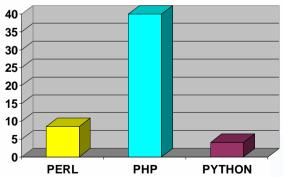
### PHP Enabled Apache Servers: Research by

### **Apache Module Report**

April 1st, 2007

Module	March 2007 Count	March 2007 %
PHP	6,727,170	39.34
mod ssl	4,768,726	27.89
<u>OpenSSL</u>	4,768,076	27.88
<u>FrontPage</u>	3,037,501	17.76
mod log bytes	1,502,544	8.79
mod auth passthrough	1,488,927	8.71
mod_bwlimited	1,488,099	8.70
perl	1,454,793	8.51

#### **Apache Modules Popularity (%)**







## **LAMP** Components: PHP The Growth of PHP

Worldwide Developers	2006	%	2007	%	Growth%
Java	5,863	44%	6,806	47%	+16%
.Net	6,420	48%	8,176	57%	+27%
РНР	4,634	35%	6,426	44%	+37%
Total	13,315		14,461		

Evans Data Corporation EDC



## **LAMP Components: PHP Drivers for PHP growth**

### The Migration to Web Applications

- When did you last install a desktop application?
- Emerging generation of software services (Web2.0)
- PHP is the leading web development platform

### Software buyers favor Open Source Software

 OSS adoption driven by cost of ownership benefits, freedom from vendor lock in, and superior software quality

### PHP is the perfect Web Integration Platform

- Best support for browser based rich client applications (Ajax)
- Strong support for Web Services, XML & legacy systems
- Powerful SOA capabilities enable new IT approaches ("mashable assets") for reducing application backlogs

### PHP is backed by a very active community

- ~ 1000 committers, ~ 4.5M developers (corporate/community)
- Thousands of opensource projects and applications
- Hundreds of thousands of commercial deployments
- High profile PHP applications like Yahoo!, Flickr and YouTube
- High profile ISV backing, IBM, Oracle, Microsoft, Adobe, etc.

## **LAMP Components: PHP Top 10 Internet Sites by WW traffic**





1. Yahoo.com



2. YouTube.com



3. Windowslive.com



4. Google.com



5. Myspace.com



6. Facebook.com



7. MSN.com



8. Hi5.com



9. Wikipedia.org



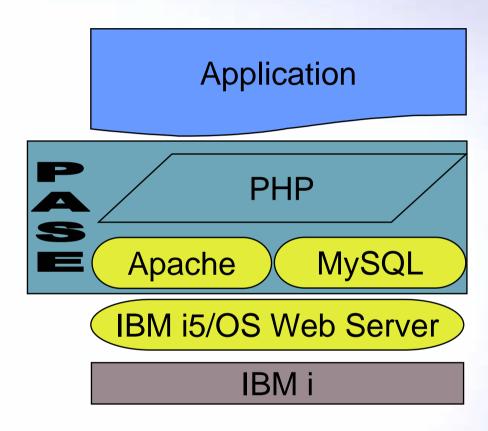
10. Orkut.org





### What is the iAMP Stack

- The iAMP stack (IBM i, Apache, MySQL, PHP) is the IBM i native variant of the LAMP stack – it allows for deployment of web-based applications integrated with the MySQL open community database
  - iAMP is well suited for those customers/environments that wish to leverage existing open source applications based on PHP and MySQL
- The LAMP stack (and it's variants) is being used by a growing number of developers to provide a low-cost reliable platform for web-based applications.





## iAMP Components: MySQL IBM and MySQL Plans for IBM i and DB2

- MySQL is the leading open source database with over 11 million installations
- MySQL is the most popular database to use with PHP applications



- Enables customers to deploy MySQL-based applications on IBM i
- Step 2: Plan to integrate MySQL with DB2 on i5/OS
  - Enables MySQL-based applications to store data in DB2 on IBM i







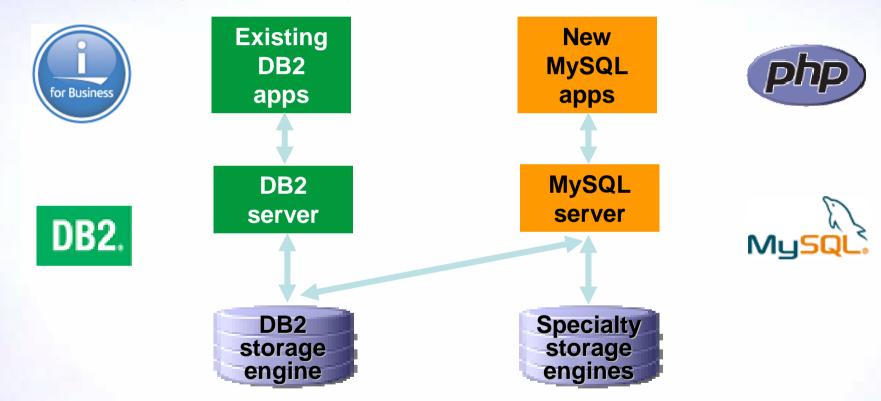


System i customers get the benefit of being able to use thousands of new open source applications while continuing to have one easy to use data store with DB2.



## iAMP Components: MySQL IBM and MySQL plans for IBM i and DB2

- MySQL is the leading open-source database, with 10M+ installations
- MySQL is the most popular database to use with PHP applications
- Joins the expanding communities of PHP, MySQL and IBM i



"MySQL's and IBM's plan for the MySQL database management system to run on the IBM i platform brings hundreds of new applications to IBM i and should be welcome news to small and midsize businesses." - *Gartner* 



### iAMP Components: MySQL for IBM i

### MySQL database available and supported on IBM i

- MySQL Community Server for IBM i
  - Free download from mysql.com
  - No Support
- MySQL Enterprise for IBM i
  - Download from mysql.com
  - Annual Subscription
  - 3 support levels
- Available directly from MySQL on 7/24
  - Can also be ordered from IBM

MySQL Enterprise	MySQL Enterprise	MySQL Enterprise	
Silver	Gold	Platinum	
<b>\$1995.00</b> /Server/Year	<b>\$2995.00</b> /Server/Year	<b>\$4995.00</b> /Server/Year	
<b>Business Hours</b>	24x7	24x7	
4 Hours*	2 Hours*	1 Hour*	

http://www.ibm.com/systems/i/software/mysql/

\* Max Initial Response Time MySQL US List Prices https://shop.mysql.com/enterprise/

### IBM

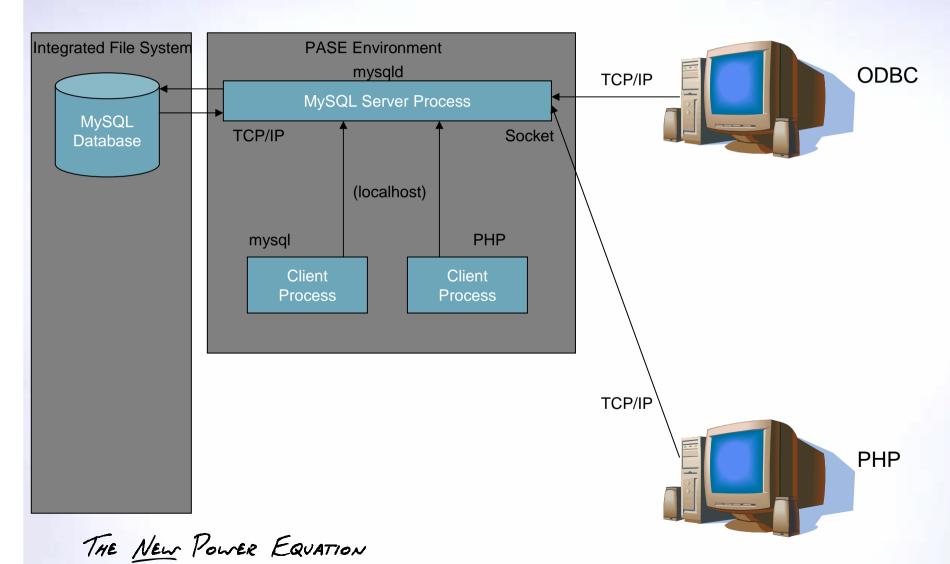
### iAMP Components: MySQL IBM Announcements for MySQL

- MySQL Enterprise for IBM i can be ordered from IBM
  - Same product, license, support and price as direct from MySQL
  - 5639-MYS with 3 support levels
  - IBM passes order to MySQL for fulfillment
- Added Zend Core and MySQL to 550, 570, and 595
   Enterprise Edition
  - Zend Core with standard support (5639-ZC1)
  - MySQL Enterprise with silver support (5639-MYS)
- Added Zend and MySQL Implementation service to voucher program for Enterprise and IBM i Editions

Announcement 7/24/07 GA: 8/17/07



## iAMP Components: MySQL MySQL in IBM i High Level Architecture





## **IBM** i and Zend

- April 3, 2006: IBM and Zend announced a multi-year agreement to deliver selected Zend PHP products and solutions for IBM i®
- July 11, 2006: IBM announcement of order taking for Zend Core and Studio for IBM i with GA on July 28.
- Over 10,000 unique companies have downloaded Zend produts for IBM i





http://www.ibm.com/systems/i/software/php



## iAMP Components: PHP Zend Technologies



- The founders of Zend have been <u>key contributors to the PHP language</u> since 1997
- Zend <u>delivers commercial products</u> that enable developers and IT personnel to deliver and operate business-critical PHP applications
  - Zend has been the leading supplier of PHP products and solutions for the last six years. Its products and solutions are being used by more than 15,000 companies worldwide. The Zend Engine (the PHP kernel) is being utilized on more than 22 million websites today
  - Zend takes the open source PHP code through rigorous testing for additional quality assurance and adds over 35 popular PHP extensions to deliver their PHP runtime environment
- Zend provides enterprise level support for the PHP environment

# iAMP Components: PHP Zend Products for i5/OS





Zend Core for i5/OS

- No Charge
- PHP runtime environment in i5/OS providing connections to DB2 UDB for i5/OS and RPG and COBOL applications
- With 3 years Standard support



### Zend Studio Professional for i5/OS



- Integrated Development Environment on Windows, Linux, or Mac
- Includes MySQL support for i5/OS
- With 3 years Standard support



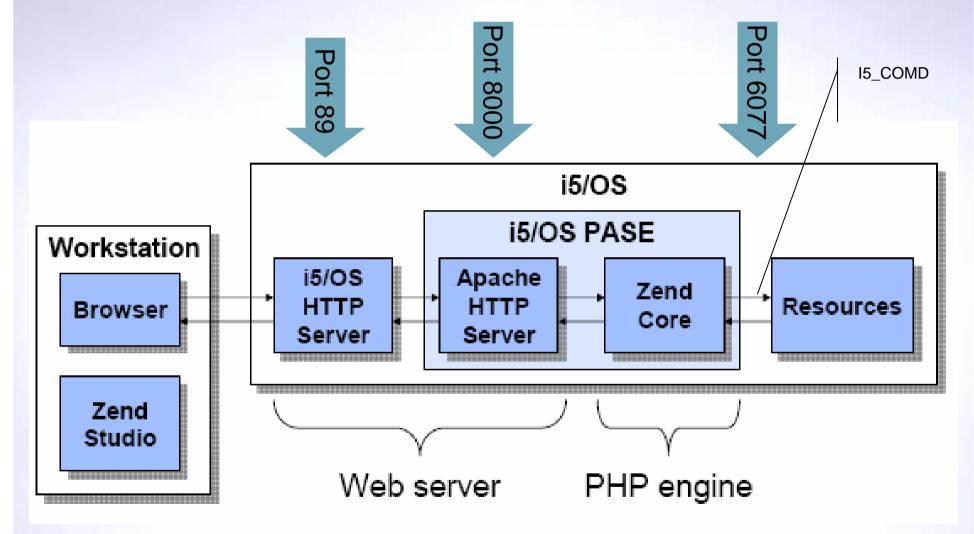
### Zend Platform for i5/OS

 A robust PHP production environment providing performance, scalability, and monitoring for PHP applications



## iAMP Components: PHP How does PHP on i5/OS Work?





http://servername:2001/HTTPAdmin

http://servername:89/ZendCore



# Installing the IBM i Open Community Web Deployment Stack Zend network

- Obtaining the components
  - Can be ordered from IBM orders are passed through to providers (i.e., MySQL and Zend)
  - Can be downloaded directly from providers
  - Can be downloaded as a single download from Zend (i.e., Zend Core)
- Installation Options
  - Separate installation procedures for MySQl and Zend Core (installatin of Zend Core will also install Apache in the PASE environment)
  - Single installation via Zend Core will also install community edition of MySQL)



# **iAMP Pre-Requisites**

Portable Application Solutions Environment	33	5722SS1
IBM Portable Utilities for i5/OS	*base	5733SC1
OpenSSH, OpenSST for i5/OS	1	5733SC1
Crypto Access Provider 128 bit	*base	5722AC3
Qshell	30	5722SS1
System Openness Includes	13	5722SS1
Digital Certificate Manager	34	5722SS1



## **Installation of Zend Core**

- Step 1: Obtain Zend Core from Zend's web-site (<a href="http://www.zend.com">http://www.zend.com</a>)
- Step 2: Extract the Zend Core save-file from the downloaded zip file
- Step 3: Upload the save-file to i5/OS
- Step 4: Execute the RSTLICPGM command against the save-file
- Step 5: Answer the installation prompts



# **Installation of MySQL**

- Step 1: Download the MySQL community server for IBM i (IBM IBM i SAVF packages) from the mysql web site (www.mysql.com)
- Step 2: Upload the save-file to IBM i
- Step 3: Use the RSTLIB command to restore the MYSQLINST library from the save-file
- Step 4: Execute the MySQL installation program (MYSQLINST/INSMYSQL)
- Step 5: **Start the MySQL Server** 
  - Enter the PASE environment (CALL QP2TERM)
  - Change to the MySQL binary directory
    - cd /usr/local/mysql/bin
  - Start the MySQL server
    - ./mysqld\_safe -u root &

# **Enable Support for MySQL Extensions in ISM Zend Core**

- Step 1: Edit the zend core configuration file (/usr/local/zend/core/php.ini)
  - Remove comment symbol (;) from the following lines
    - ; extension=mysql.so
    - ;extension=mysqli.so
- Step 2: Restart Zend Core
  - GO ZENDCORE/ZCMENU

THE NEW POWER EQUATION



# Zend Core 2.5.x – Making it Even Easer!!

- Version 2.5.x of Zend Core includes a bundled copy of MySQL Community Edition for IBM i
- Through a single installer you can get the entire iAMP stack (Apache, MySQL, and PHP) installed on your IBM i partition
- Support has also been added to the Zend Core Setup tool to control the MySQL processes and subsystem
- NOTE: Using the bundled installation will also enable the MySQL extensions in the Zend Core configuration

MySQL installation (optional)				
Press ENTER to start MySQL installation or press F3 to skip MySQL installation				
F3=Exit				

i5/0S Server address	1	
User ID	QSECOFR	
Password		
nclude MySQL installation Installation log	7 - 7 - 17 - G I I I I I I I I I	3

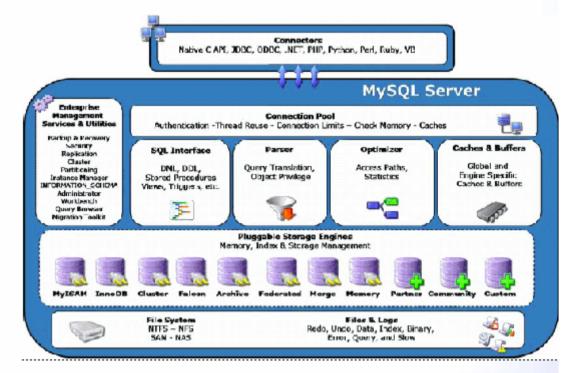


# **Storage Engines**

- A key strength of MySQL is it's pluggable storage architecture.
- This architecture allows you to select a specialized storage engine for a particular application need
- Different storage engines can be used for different tables within the same database schema

#### Key differentiations

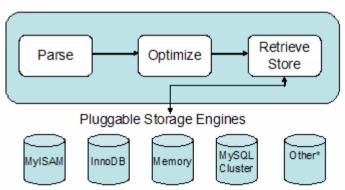
- Concurrency/Locking
- Transaction Support
- Physical Storage
- Index Support
- Memory Caches
- Performance Aids





# **Storage Engines**

- Two tier approach
  - Upper tier includes the SQL parser and optimizer
  - Lower tier comprises a set of storage engines
- The SQL tier is free of dependencies on which storage engine manages any given table
- Clients do not need to be concerned about which engines are involved in processing SQL statements.



<sup>\*</sup>Other storage engines could eventually include an i5/OS DB2 storage engine to store MySQL data in DB2 on i5/OS. NOTE: This represents a statement regarding IBM and MySQL AB's plans, directions, and intent and is subject to change or withdrawal without notice

# **Storage Engines**



Summary of the features of three popular MySQL Storage Engines

	MyISAM	MEMORY	InnoDB
Usage	Fastest for read heavy applications	In-memory storage	Fully ACID compliant transactions
Locking	Large-grain table locks, no non- locking reads	Large grain table locks	Multi-versioning, row-level locking
Durability	Table recovery	No disk I/O or persistence	Durability recovery
Supports Transactions	NO	NO	YES

- MyISAM for queries and Business Intelligence (BI)
- Memory is hash-based, stored in memory, useful for temporary tables
- Innodb and Falcon for high speed transaction processing

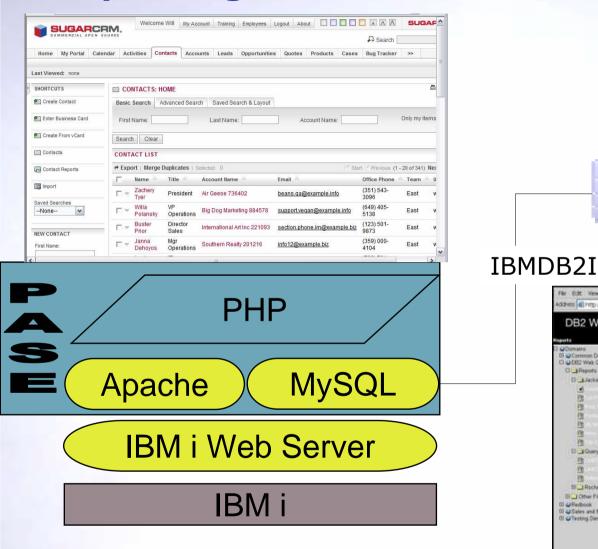
THE NEW POWER EQUATION

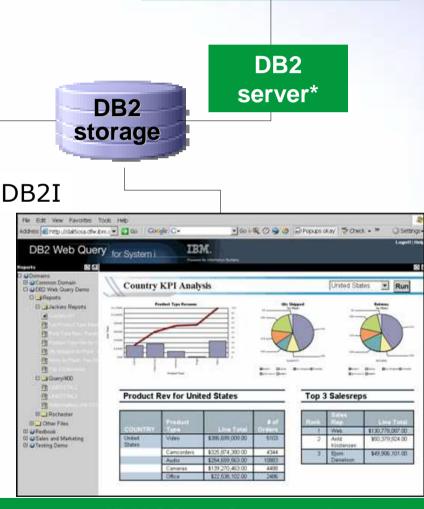
# **Open Community Applications on IBM i Expanding Access To Your Data**



**ILE Applications** 

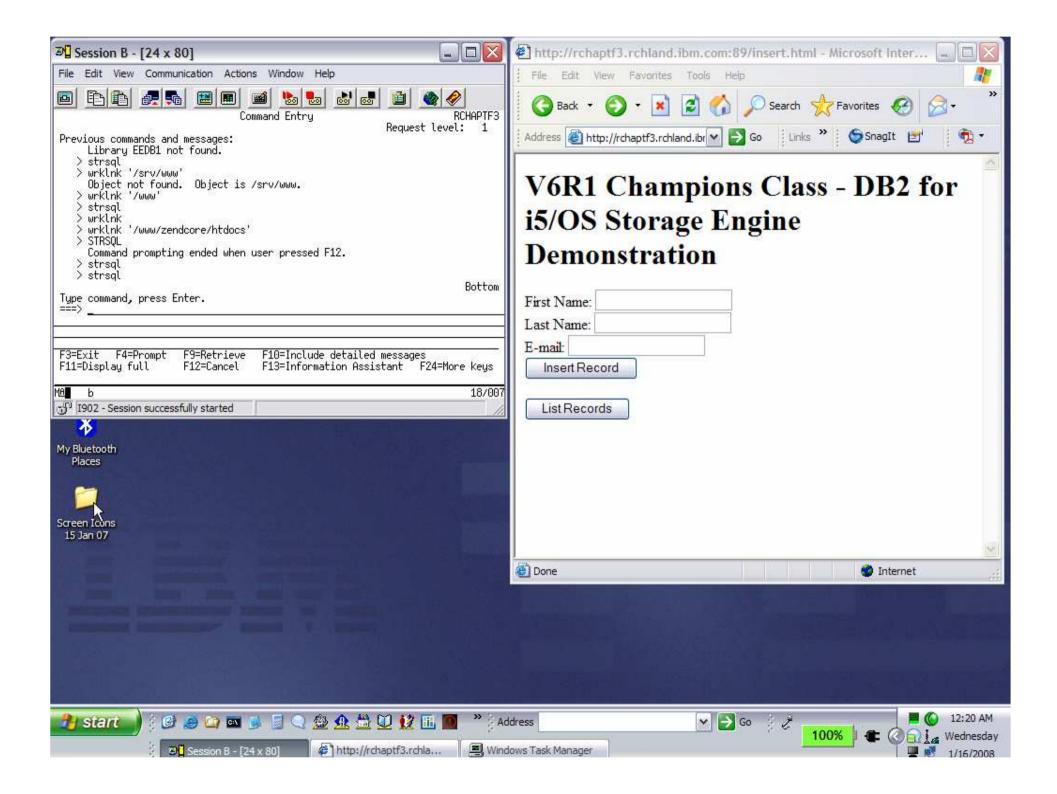
(RPG, Cobol, etc)





THE NEW POWER EQUATION

\* Leverage IBM i functions such as journaling, SAV/RST and DB2 Web Query





## **DB2 Storage Engine for MySQL (IBMDB2I)**

- Requirements:
  - MySQL version 5.1.26
- NOTE: Installation requires both a PASE component as well as an ILE component (made available through a PTF)
- Starting MySQL and installing the IBMDB2I storage engine plugin:
  - bin/mysqld\_safe &
  - bin/mysql -u root
  - INSTALL PLUGIN ibmdb2i SONAME 'ha\_ibmdb2i.so";



# **DB2 Storage Engine for MySQL (IBMDB2I) Notes**

- MySQL identifiers are stored in DB2 with outer quotes to preserve case sensitivity.
  - create table db1.sales (orderno int) engine = ibmdb2i;
  - The above creates the DB2 table "sales" in schema "db1".
- The IBMDB2I storage engine will not recognize tables and indexes that are pre-created directly into DB2.
- MySQL will not recognize DB2 initiated attributes on the tables, such as DB2 triggers, constraints, and indexes for which MySQI has no awareness.
- A MySQL to drop a schema will cause DB2 to drop its corresponding schema, including both MySQL and any non-MySQL objects that were created into the schema.



# **General Process for Installation Open Community Web Applications**

- Step 1: Requires prior installation of
  - MySQL
  - Zend Core (PHP and Apache)
- Step 2: Download the application to your PC
- Step 3: Use a zip utility to unzip the application tar file
- Step 4: Copy the tar file (resulting from previous step) into the IFS (normally into the /www/zendcore/htdocs directory)

THE NEW POWER EQUATION



# **General Process for Installation Open Community Web Applications**

- Step 5: Enter the PASE environment CALL QP2TERM
- Step 6: Navigate to the directory where the uploaded file resides
- Step 7: **Expand the archive file:** tar -xvf application.tar
- Step 8: Point a web-browser to the application setup/configuration program:

http://systemi:89/application





# **Source File Compression**

- Many of the files that you will download for the Open Community applications have two levels of compression.
  - Typically the first final level of compression is a compression level that needs to be uncompressed prior to being uploaded to the IFS
  - One utility to perform the de-compression is 7ZIP
    - http://www.7-zip.org/download.html



# phpMyAdmin

- Step 1: Download phpMyAdmin
  - http://www.phpmyadmin.net/home\_page/downloads.php
- Step 2: Uncompress the file
- Step 3: Upload the resulting tar file to the IFS in the root of the Apache web server (/www/zendcore/htdocs)
- Step 4: Untar the file in your system:
- Step 5: Create a symbolic link to give an easier to remember name for the application
  - tar -xvf phpMyAdmin-2.11.1-english.tar
  - In -s phpMyAdmin-2.11.1-english phpMyAdmin
- Step 6: Create a directory for local configuration information:
  - cd /www/zendcore/htdocs/phpMyAdmin
  - mkdir config
  - chmod o+rw config

NOTE: You could uncompress the resulting file on your PC and then upload the application directory – this would avoid steps 4 and 5



# phpMyAdmin

- Step 7: Run the setup script:
  - http://iseries:89/phpMyA dmin/scripts/setup.php
- Step 8: Add a server definition by clicking <Add> under Servers

#### phpMyAdmin 2.11.1 setup





You are now ready to access phpMyAdmin by pointing a browser to http://systemi:89/phpMyAdmin

THE NEW POWER EQUATION





Application Website: http://www.mediawiki.org

Description: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MediaWiki

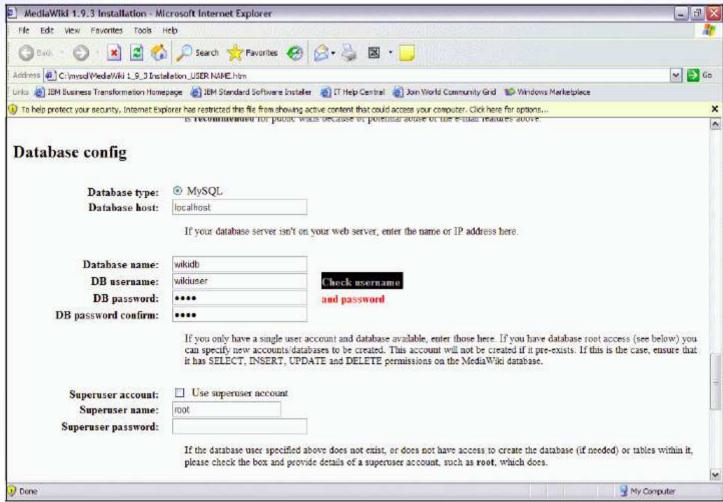
THE NEW POWER EQUATION

- Step 1: Download the latest package (mediawiki-1.11.0.tar.gz) from <a href="http://www.mediawiki.org">http://www.mediawiki.org</a>
- Step 2: Unpack the resulting zip file on your PC
- Step 3: Copy the resulting tar file (mediawiki-1.11.0.tar) to the IFS (/www/zendcore/htdocs)
- Step 4: Start a PASE terminal session (CALL QP2TERM)
- Step 5: Change directory (cd /www/zendcore/htdocs)
- Step 6: Extract the installation/setup/source files from the tar file (tar -xvf mediawiki-1.11.0.tar)
- Step 7: Make the configuration directory readable by all users
  - cd /www/zendcore/htdocs/mediawiki-1.11.0
  - chmod a+w config

NOTE: You could uncompress the resulting file on your PC and then upload the application directory – this would avoid step 5

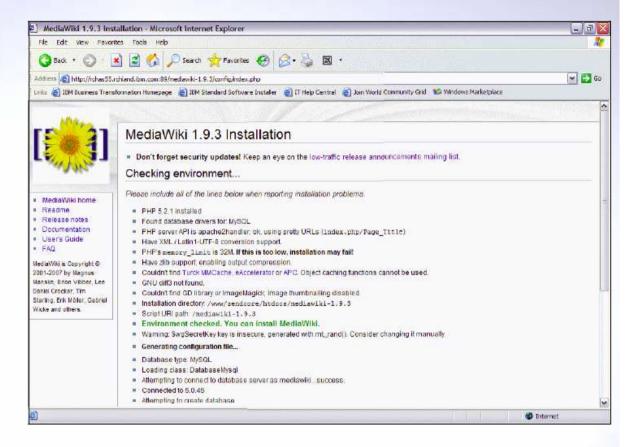


- Step 9: Point a web-browser to the following address to start the installation/configuration:
  - http://iseries:89/mediawiki-1.9.3
- Step 10: Follow the on-screen prompts



THE NEW POWER EQUATION





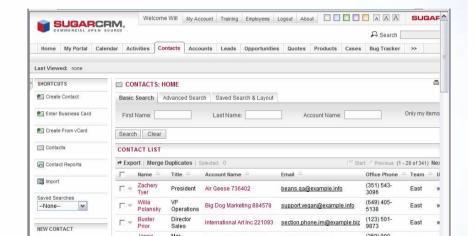
- Step 11: In the IFS move the settings.php file to the parent directory
  - cd /www/zendcore/htdocs/mediawiki-1.9.3/config
  - mv LocalSettings.php ../.

You are ready to access the application – point a web browser to http://iseries:89/mediawiki-1.9.3



# SugarCRM Announces Support for i5/OS

- SugarCRM is a leading provider of commercial open source customer relationship management (CRM) software for companies of all sizes
- Sugar Enterprise available for i5/OS
  - Runs with Zend Core and MySQL

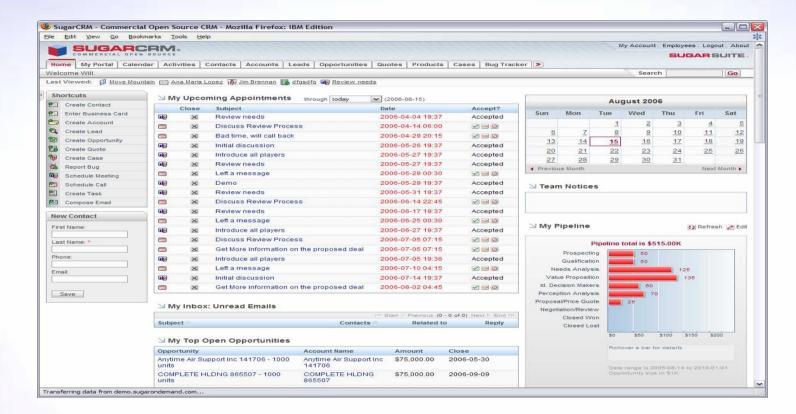




http://www.sugarcrm.com/crm/



# SugarCRM (Open Source Customer Relationship Management)



MySQL + PHP on i5/OS

Application Website: www.sugarcrm.com

Description: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SugarCRM

**How To:** www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&th=3111 **Running on i5/OS:** http://sei5a2.rchland.ibm.com:89/sugarcrm/

# Implementing Open Source Application on i5/OS



# Example SugarCRM

- There are several changes that need to be made to the ini file for Zend Core (\usr\local\Zend\Core\etc\php.ini)
  - The path that php uses to save files needs to be uncommented (remove the leading semicolon:

```
;session.save_path = "/tmp"
```

- The memory limit needs to be increased to 32 megabytes:

 Zend Core will need to be stopped and then restarted to activate the changes:

```
go zendcore/zcmenu
```

 Download the SugarCRM Open Source Code from the SugarCRM web site:

www.sugarCRM.com

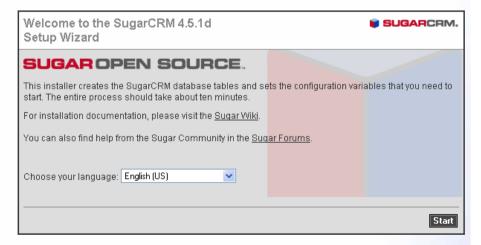




# Implementing Open Source Applications on i5/OS Example SugarCRM

- Unpack the SugarCRM zip file
- Copy the program folder (sugarcrm) to \www\zendcore\htdocs
- Launch a browser and go to <a href="http://systemi:89:/sugarcrm/install.php">http://systemi:89:/sugarcrm/install.php</a>
- The first screen prompts for the language selection

Select the desired language and then click the <Start> button to begin the installation





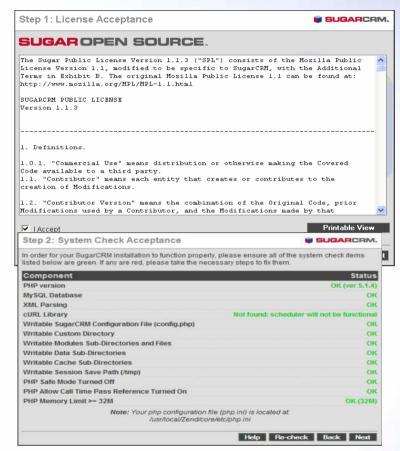
# Implementing Open Source Application on i5/05 Example SugarCRM

Read and accept the License agreement

Click < Next>

At this point the installation will check the system configuration to ensure that all dependencies are properly met

Click <Next>





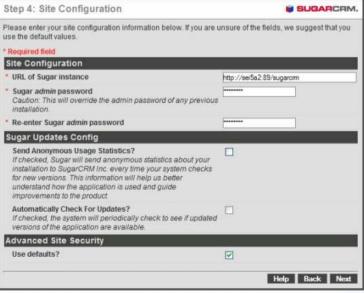


**Example** SugarCRM

Configure the database definition for SugarCRM

Define the Site Configuration information
The URL will be http://systemi:89/sugarcrm

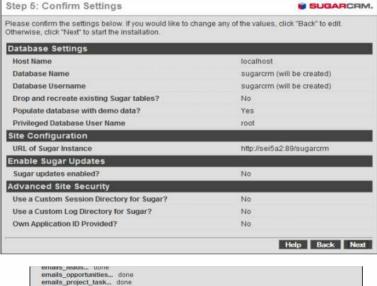




# Implementing Open Source Application on i5/05 Example SugarCRM

Confirm the configuration settings

At this point the installation of sugarCRM will proceed



emails\_projects... done emails\_prospects... done emails tasks... done emails\_users... done files... done meetings\_contacts... done meetings\_users... done opportunities\_contacts... done users feeds... done tracker... done prospect list campaigns... done prospect\_lists\_prospects... done roles\_modules... done roles users... done project relation... done acl\_roles\_actions... done acl\_roles\_users... done inboundemail\_autoreply... done email\_marketing\_prospect\_lists... done usersignature... done linked\_documents... done Creating default Sugar data Inserting default settings... done Creating default users... done Creating default scheduler jobs... done The setup of Sugar 4.2.1b is now complete. Total time: 1.522664 seconds. Approximate memory used: 11155544 bytes. Your system is now installed and configured for use. Help Back Next

# Joomla! (Open Source Content Management System)



#### MySQL + PHP on i5/OS

Application Website:

http://joomla.org/

• Description:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joomla

• How To:

www.zend.com/forums/index.php?t=msg&th=3068

• Running on i5/OS:

http://sei5a2.rchland.ibm.com:89/joomla



- Step 1: Download the Joomla! Package (Joomla\_1.0.9-Stable-Full\_Package.tar.gz) from <a href="http://www.joomla.org">http://www.joomla.org</a>
- Step 2: Unpack the resulting zip file on your pc
- Step 3: Copy the resulting tar file (Joomla\_1.0.9-Stable-Full\_Package.tar) to the IFS (/www/zendcore/htdocs/joomla)
- Step 4: Start a PASE terminal session
  - CALL QP2TERM
- Step 5: Navigate to the Joomla directory
  - cd /www/zendcore/htdods/joomla

- Step 6: Unpack the Joomla! tar file:
  - tar -xvf Joomla\_1.0.9-Stable\_Full\_package.tar
- Step 7: Make the following changes to the php configuration file (/local/zend/core/php.ini)
  - Uncomment the session.save\_path line ;session.save\_path="/tmp"
  - Enable the display\_errors setting display\_errors=On
  - Enable the magic\_quotes\_gpc setting
    - magic\_quotes\_gpc = On
- Step 8: Restart Zend Core
  - GO ZENDCORE/ZCMENU

NOTE: You could uncompress the resulting file on your PC and then upload the application directory – this would avoid step 6

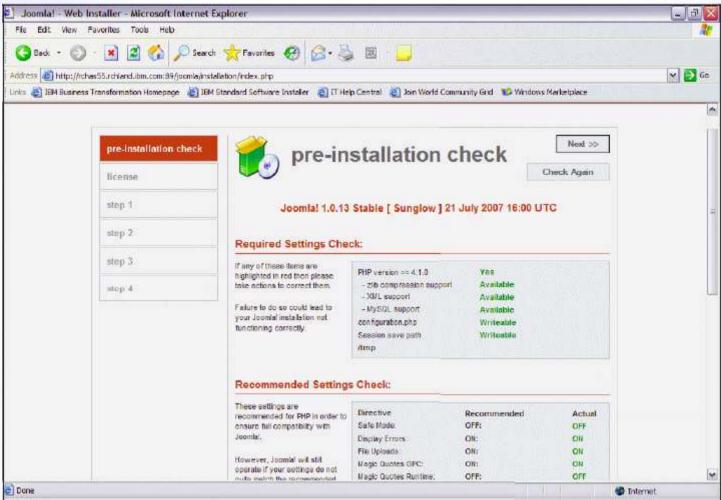


• Step 9: Grant the i5/OS profile 'nobody' read, write, and execute permissions on the following directories in the /www/zenddocre/htdocs/joomla directory

administrator/backups administrator/components administrator/modules administrator/templates cache components **Images** images/banners images/stories langauges mambots mambots/content mambots/editors mambots/editors-xtd mambots/search mambots/system media modules templates

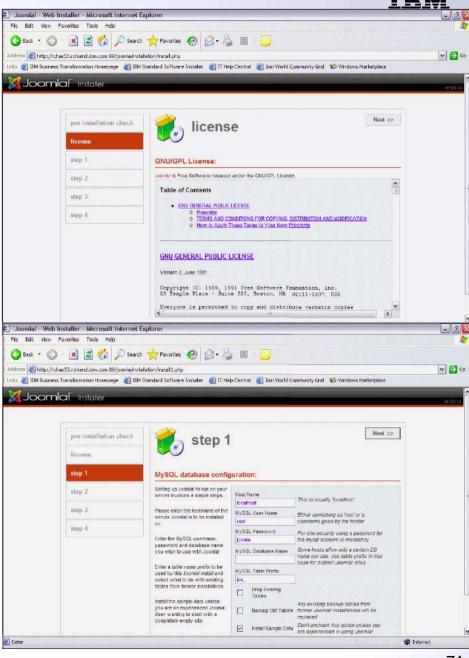


- Step 10: Point a web-browser to the following URL
  - http://systemi:89/joomla
  - Pre-installation check should be all green



Step 11: Accept the license agreement

- Step 12: Enter the following information (for step 1 of the installation)
  - Host Name localhost
  - MySQL User root
  - MySQL Database name joomla





 Step 13: Specify the site name of your choice for step 2 of the installation

• Step 14: Enter the following information (for step 3 of the installation)

- URL http://iseries:89/joomla

Path /www/zendcore/htdocs/joomla

User email<user defined>

Admin Password <user defined>





• Step 15: In the Integrated File System, delete the /www/zendcore/htdocs/joomla/installation directory



You are ready to access the application – point a web browser to http://iseries:89/joomla/index.php



- Step 1: Download the software package from <a href="http://www.zen-cart.com">http://www.zen-cart.com</a>
- Step 2: Use a zip utility to unzip the file
- Step 3: Copy the unzipped contents to the /www/zendcore/htdocs/zencart directory



- Step 4: Open the Zend Core Administration interface:
  - http://systemi:89/ZendCore
- Step 5: In the Zend Core Administration Interface select `Configuration→Extensions'
  - Enable curl cURL
  - Enable gd –GD
- Step 6: Save the settings
- Step 7: Restart the Apache Web Server
  - GO ZENDCORE/ZCMENU
  - Select Option 5, Service Management menu
  - Select Option 6, ReStart Apache server instances



- Step 8: Point a web browser to the Zen Cart installation/setup program:
  - http://systemi:89/zencart

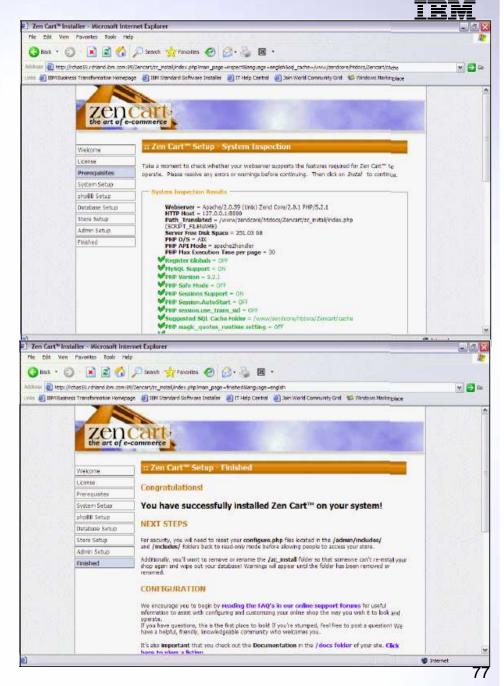
 Step 9: On the pre-requisites screen check to ensure that all items are checked with a green mark



THE NEW POWER EQUATION

Step 10: On the Zen Cart
 Setup – System Setup screen
 make sure to replace the URL
 with http://systemi:89

 Step 11: Follow the remaining prompts through `database setup', `store setup' and `admin setup'





### **PmWiki**

- Step 1: Download the software package to your PC
- Step 2: Use a zip utility to unzip the zip file
- Step 3: Copy the resulting tar file (pmwiki-latest.tar) to /www/zendcore/htdocs)
- Step 4: Start a PASE terminal session:
  - CALL QP2TERM



- Step 12: Remove the file /www/zendcore/htdocs/zencart/zc\_install
- Step 13: Change permissions on /www/zendcore/htdocs/zendcart/includes/configure.php to read only
  - CHGAUT OBJ('/www/zendcore/htdocs/zencart/includes/confiugre.php')
     USER(\*BLIC) DTAUT(\*R) OBJAUT(\*NONE)



## **PmWiki**

- Step 5: Navigate to the root directory of the Apache server:
  - cd /www/zendcore/htdocs
- Step 6: Unpack the installation files:
  - tar -xvf pmwiki-latest.tar



### **PmWiki**

- Step 7: In the PASE terminal session execute the following commands to create the wiki process directory and open it's permissions:
  - mkdir /www/zendcore/htdocs/pmwiki-2.1.27/wiki.d
  - chmod 777 /www/zendcore/htdocs/pmwiki-2.1.27/wiki.d
- Step 8: Edit the pmwiki.php file and change the ScriptUrl line as follows:
  - Use the WRKLNK command to navigate to the path /www/zendcore/htdocs/pmwiki-2.1.27/pmwiki.php
  - Take option 2 to edit the pmwiki.php file
  - Find the \$ScriptUrl = line and change the line to `\$ScriptUrl=\$\_SERVER[`SCRIPT\_NAME'];
  - Take option <F3>to save and exit
- Step 9: You can now execute pmwiki by pointing a browser to http://systemi:89/pmwiki



# **Questions?**



No? Well, then...











